

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/533,280	04/28/2005	Jie Lin	CE00558UM	5919
22917 MOTOROLA,	7590 02/09/2007 INC	EXAMINER		
1303 EAST ALGONQUIN ROAD IL01/3RD SCHAUMBURG, IL 60196			NGUYEN, TUAN HOANG	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·	.0, 12 00170		2618	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/533,280	LIN, JIE		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Tuan H. Nguyen	2618		
The MAILING DATE of Period for Reply	f this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
WHICHEVER IS LONGER,  - Extensions of time may be available u after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailir  - If NO period for reply is specified abov  - Failure to reply within the set or exten	FROM THE MAILING DA inder the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 ing date of this communication. /e, the maximum statutory period w ded period for reply will, by statute, than three months after the mailing	'IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH( ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE date of this communication, even if timely filed	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
	2b)⊠ This s in condition for allowar	ovember 2006. action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro ox parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45			
Disposition of Claims			,		
4)	(s) is/are withdraw allowed. <u>) and 24</u> is/are rejected. objected to.	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers					
Applicant may not request Replacement drawing sh	is/are: a) accest that any objection to the cet(s) including the correction	r. epted or b)  objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is objection. Note the attached Office	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent D 3) Information Disclosure Statement Paper No(s)/Mail Date	rawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response To Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see applicant's remarks, filed on 11/14/2006, with respect to the rejection(s) of claims 1-5, 7-9, 11-20, and 24 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Schiff (US PAT. 6,298,242) and Wiedeman et al. (US PAT. 6,272,325).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 7-8, 11, 16, 20, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schiff (US PAT. 6,298,242) in view of Wiedeman et al. (US PAT. 6,272,325 hereinafter, "Wiedeman").

Consider claim 1, Schiff teaches a method of power control for a transmitter in a cellular communication system comprising the steps of: determining power control data in response to a quality parameter of a communication between a base station and a communication unit, communicating the power control data between the base station and file communication unit (col. 10 lines 44-65); determining that a quality level of the communication between the communication unit an the base station cannot be achieved (col. 10 lines 44-65); in response to determining that a quality level off the communication between the communication unit and the base station cannot be achieved, entering a reduced power mode of operation by communicating power down power control data between the base station and the communication unit (see fig. 7 col. 14 line 47 through col. 15 line 8).

Schiff does not explicitly show that operating in the reduced power mode by communicating power control data corresponding to a reduced transmit power level that allows communication at a reduce data rate between the communication unit and the base station; and exiting the reduced power mode by communicating power up power control data between the base station and the communication unit.

In the same field of endeavor, Wiedeman teaches operating in the reduced power mode by communicating power control data corresponding to a reduced transmit power level that allows communication at a reduce data rate between the communication unit and the base station (col. 15 lines 35-43); and exiting the reduced power mode by communicating power up power control data between the base station and the communication unit (col. 15 line 60 through col. 16 line 9).

Art Unit: 2618

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, operating in the reduced power mode by communicating power control data corresponding to a reduced transmit power level that allows communication at a reduce data rate between the communication unit and the base station; and exiting the reduced power mode by communicating power up power control data between the base station and the communication unit, as taught by Wiedeman, in order to reduce a low level of interference by reducing the transmitted power of the user terminal wherein assigning the user terminal to another frequency channel, assigning the user terminal to another time slot, changing a number of satellites through which the user terminal is communicating, or changing a data rate at which the user terminal is transmitting.

Page 4

Consider claim 2, Wiedeman further teaches the power control is an uplink power control and the power control data is transmitted from the base station to the communication unit (col. 14 lines 50-63).

Consider claim 3, Wiedeman further teaches the power control is a downlink power control and the power control data is transmitted from the communication unit to the base station (col. 14 lines 50-63).

Art Unit: 2618

Consider claim 4, Wiedeman further teaches the reduced transmit power level is substantially zero (col. 3 lines 14-29).

Consider claim 5, Schiff further teaches the power control data communicated in the reduced power mode is power down control values (col. 10 lines 5-18).

Consider claim 7, Wiedeman further teaches the step of exiting comprises transmitting power up power control data until the transmit power corresponds to a power level determined in response to the quality parameter (col. 15 line 60 through col. 16 line 9).

Consider claim 8, Wiedeman further teaches the step of exiting comprises transmitting power up power control data until the transmit power corresponds to a power level corresponding to the power level prior to entering the reduced power mode (col. 15 line 60 through col. 16 line 9).

Consider claim 11, Shiff further teaches the step of determining that a transmit power of the transmitter exceeds a threshold and in response entering the reduced power mode (col. 10 lines 44-52).

Consider claim 16, Wiedeman further teaches the step of determining that a quality characteristic of a data communication between the communication unit and the

Art Unit: 2618

base station is improving and in response exiting the reduced power mode (col. 15 lines 35-43).

Consider claim 20, Shiff further teaches the steps of: determining an expected interference level for a plurality of communication units including the communication unit (col. 10 lines 34-65); determining a total expected interference level (col. 10 lines 44-52); and entering the communication unit into the reduced power mode if the total expected interference level exceeds a threshold (col. 10 lines 41-43).

Consider claim 24, Schiff teaches an apparatus for power control for a transmitter in a cellular communication system, the apparatus comprising: means for determining power control data in response to a quality parameter of a communication between a base station and a communication unit (col. 10 lines 44-65); means for communicating the power control data between the base station and the communication unit (col. 10 lines 44-65); means for determining that a quality level of the communication between the communication unit an the base station cannot be achieved (col. 10 lines 44-65); means for entering a reduced power mode of operation by communicating power down power control data between the base station and the communication unit, in response to the determining that a quality level of the communication between the communication unit and the base station can not be achieved (see fig. 7 col. 14 line 47 through col. 15 line 8).

Schiff does not explicitly show that operating in the reduced power mode by communicating power control data corresponding to a reduced transmit power level that allows communication at a reduce data rate between the communication unit and the base station; and means for exiting the reduced power mode by communicating power up power control data between the base station and the communication unit.

In the same field of endeavor, Wiedeman teaches operating in the reduced power mode by communicating power control data corresponding to a reduced transmit power level that allows communication at a reduce data rate between the communication unit and the base station (col. 15 lines 35-43); and means for exiting the reduced power mode by communicating power up power control data between the base station and the communication unit (col. 15 line 60 through col. 16 line 9).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, operating in the reduced power mode by communicating power control data corresponding to a reduced transmit power level that allows communication at a reduce data rate between the communication unit and the base station; and means for exiting the reduced power mode by communicating power up power control data between the base station and the communication unit, as taught by Wiedeman, in order to reduce a low level of interference by reducing the transmitted power of the user terminal wherein assigning the user terminal to another frequency channel, assigning the user terminal to another time slot, changing a number of satellites through which the user terminal is communicating, or changing a data rate at which the user terminal is transmitting.

4. Claims 9, 12-15, and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schiff in view of Wiedeman and further in view of Damnjanovic et al. (U.S PUB. 2003/0050084 hereinafter, "Damnjanovic").

Consider claim 9, Schiff and Wiedeman, in combination, fails to teaches a duration of the reduced power mode is less than a data re-transmission interval associated with the communication between the communication unit and the base station.

However, Damnjanovic teaches a duration of the reduced power mode is less than a data re-transmission interval associated with the communication between the communication unit and the base station (page 8 [0084]).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Damnjanovic into view of Schiff and Wiedeman, in order to transmit power of a mobile station on the reverse link channel that carries channel state information, rate selection, and/or sector selection information is power controlled separately from the reverse link traffic channels when the mobile station is in soft handoff to reduce a low level of the interference.

Consider claim 12, Damnjanovic further teaches the step of determining that an interference level exceeds a threshold and in response entering the reduced power mode (page 13 [0113]).

Art Unit: 2618 .

Consider claim 13, Damnjanovic further teaches the step of determining that a propagation characteristic exceeds a threshold and in response entering the reduced power mode (page 13 [0113]).

Consider claim 14, Damnjanovic further teaches the propagation characteristic is a path loss of a communication link supporting the communication between the communication unit and the base station (page 3 [0036] through [0037]).

Consider claim 15, Damnjanovic further teaches the step of determining that a duration of the reduced power mode exceeds a threshold and in response exiting the reduced power mode (page 13 [0113]).

Consider claim 17, Damnjanovic further teaches the step of determining that an interference level is below a threshold and in response exiting the reduced power mode (page 7 [0075]).

Consider claim 18, Damnjanovic further teaches the step of determining that a propagation characteristic is below a threshold and in response exiting the reduced power mode (page 13 [0113]).

Art Unit: 2618

Consider claim 19, Damnjanovic further teaches the propagation characteristic is a path loss of a communication link supporting the communication between the communication unit and the base station (page 3 [0036] through [0037]).

#### Conclusion

5. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Mail Stop\_\_\_\_\_ (Explanation, e.g., Amendment or After-final, etc.)

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Facsimile responses should be faxed to:

(571) 273-8300

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

**Customer Service Window** 

Randolph Building

401 Dulany Street

Alexandria, VA 22313

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan H. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)272-8329. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00Am - 5:00Pm.

Art Unit: 2618

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Maung Nay A. can be reached on (571)272-7882882. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information Consider the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tuan Nguyen TExaminer
Art Unit 2618

NAY MAUNG SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Page 11